In the claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

- (Currently Amended) A method for fault resolution in a computer system, comprising:
 (a) configuring a cluster with a gateway for a network interface;
 - (b) issuing an operating system ICMP echo to peer nodes in said cluster and to said gateway through said network interface in response to a heartbeat loss detection; and c) analyzing a response from said echo to determine location of a fault in said cluster.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of analyzing a response from said echo includes receiving said response and determining an intended recipient of said echo.
- (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein receipt of a return of said echo from said peer nodes for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of operation of said network interface.
- (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein receipt of a return of said echo from said gateway
 for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of operation of said
 network interface.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein absence of return of said echo from said peer nodes for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of a fault selected from a group consisting of: a peer node fault, a network fault local to the peer node, and combinations thereof.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of issuing an application level
 ping to a peer node in response to both receipt of said echo response within a predefined
 time interval and said heartbeat beat loss detection.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising comparing an echo response from a

target node set for each network interface,

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of comparing an echo response from a target node set for each network interface includes criteria selected from the group consisting of: maximum availability of nodes in said network, availability of said gateway in said network, and combinations thereof.
- $9. \quad \hbox{(Previously Presented) A multi-node computer system, comprising:} \\$
 - a cluster with a gateway configured for a network interface;
 - an operating system ICMP echo adapted to be issued to peer nodes in a cluster and to said gateway through said network interface in response to a heartbeat loss detection; and a response from said echo adapted to be analyzed for location of a fault in said cluster.
- (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein analysis of said response from said echo includes determination of an intended recipient of said echo.
- 11. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein receipt of a return of said echo from said peer nodes for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of operation of said network interface.
- 12. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein receipt of a return of said echo from said gateway for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of operation of said network interface.
- 13. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein absence of receipt of a return of said echo from peer nodes for said network interface within a predefined time interval is indicative of a fault selected from a group consisting of: a peer node fault, a network fault local to the peer node, and combinations thereof.
- 14. (Original) The system of claim 9, further comprising an application level ping adapted to be

issued to a peer node in response to both receipt of said echo within a predefined time interval and a heartbeat beat loss detection

- 15. (Original) The system of claim 9, further comprising a comparison tool adapted to compare an echo response from a target node for each network interface.
- 16. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein said comparison tool determines a network interface path based upon criteria selected from the group consisting of: maximum availability of nodes in said network, availability of said gateway in said network, and combinations thereof.
- 17. (Currently Amended) An article comprising:

a computer-readable medium <u>having computer-readable instructions stored thereon</u> executable by a processor, comprising:

means in the medium for issuing an operating system ICMP echo to a peer node in a cluster and to a configured cluster gateway through said network interface in response to heartbeat loss detection: and

means in the medium for analyzing a response message from said echo to determine location of a fault in said cluster.

- (Previously Presented) The article of claim 17, wherein the medium is a recordable data storage medium.
- (Original) The article of claim 17, wherein said means for analyzing a response message from said echo includes receiving said response and determining an intended recipient of said echo.
- 20. (Original) The article of claim 17, further comprising means in the medium for issuing an application level ping to a peer node in response to both receipt of an echo response within a predetermined time interval and a heartbeat loss detection.

- (Original) The article of claim 17, further comprising means in the medium for comparing an echo response from a target node set for each network interface.
- 22. (Original) The article of claim 21, wherein the step of comparing an echo response from a target node set for each network interfaces includes criteria selected from the group consisting of: maximum availability of nodes in said network, availability of said gateway in said network, and combinations thereof.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A method for localizing a fault in a computer system, comprising: sending periodic heartbeat messages to peer nodes in a network; issuing an operating system ICMP echo to said peers nodes and a gateway through a network interface in response to a heartbeat loss; and determining a location of a fault in said cluster through a response echo.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the step of issuing an operating system ICMP echo includes sending said echo on a first network interface and a second network interface for multi-homed nodes.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said loss is selected from a group consisting of: a node loss, and network path loss.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, further comprising comparing echo responses to determine a best path of connectivity.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23, further comprising localizing a network connectivity problem in response to return of at least one echo.
- (Previously Presented) A method for resolving a fault in a computer system comprising: determining a heartbeat loss in a cluster configured with a gateway for a network interface;

validating said heartbeat loss; and localizing said loss.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the step of validating said heartbeat loss includes sending an ICMP echo to peer nodes and said gateway through a network interface.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the step of localizing said loss includes analyzing a response echo.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, further comprising determining a best path of connectivity through a comparison of echo responses.